

Using GIS Network Analysis to Evaluate Spatial Accessibility and Equality of Green Space in Kunming, China

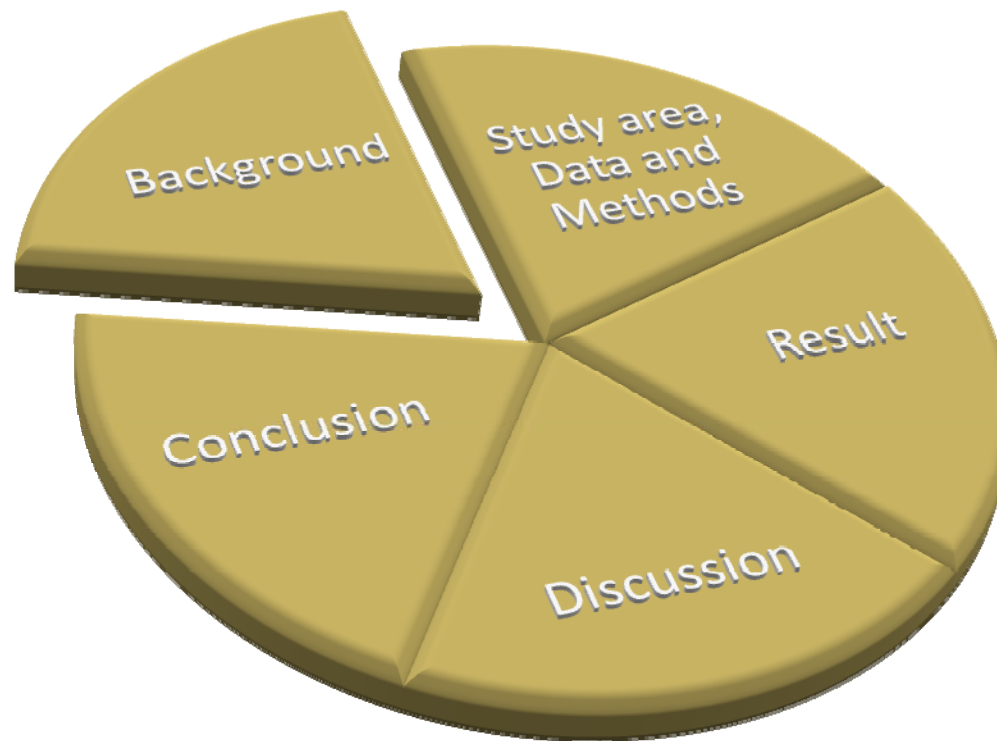
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Outline





Principles of sustainable development

Concept: Meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. (Charles et al., 1998)

“Three E’s” of Sustainability (Ahern, 2007)

Green space

Environmental well-being

Air Purification

Biodiversity conservation

Urban Climate Regulation

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Economic Development

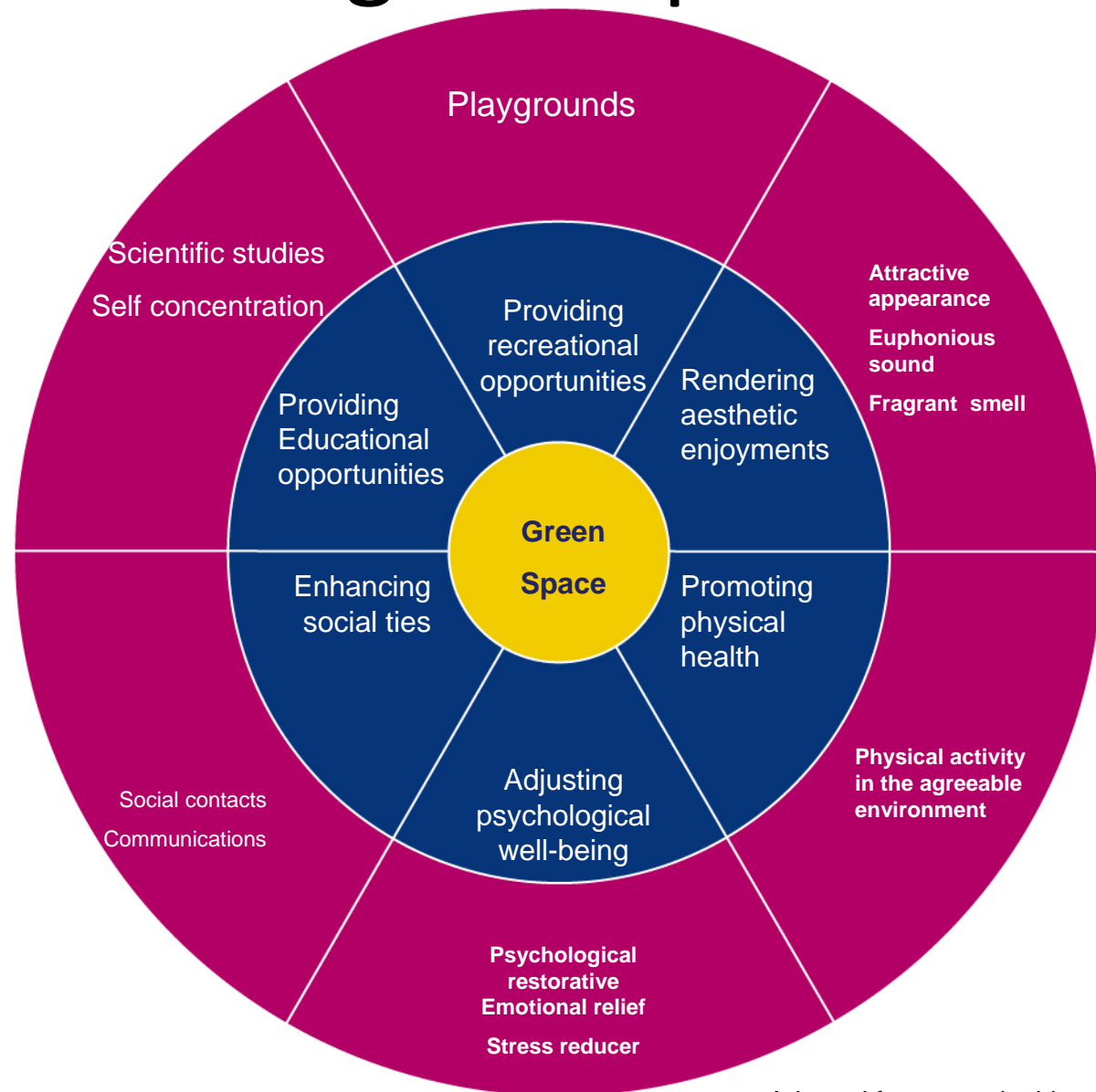
Increasing in land value

Promoting tourism

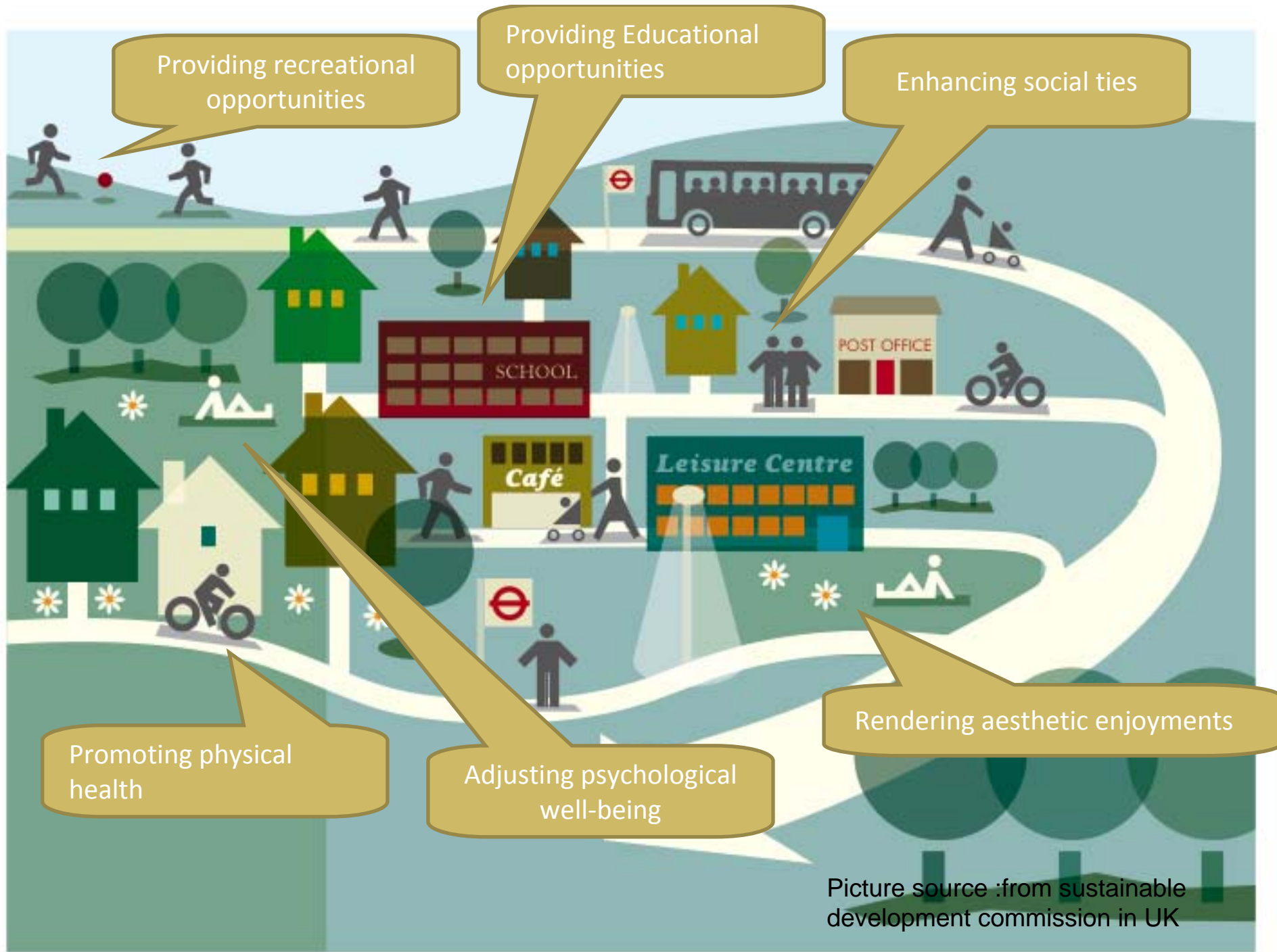
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Social Equality

Social functions of green space



Adapted from sustainable development commission in UK



Providing recreational opportunities

Providing Educational opportunities

Enhancing social ties

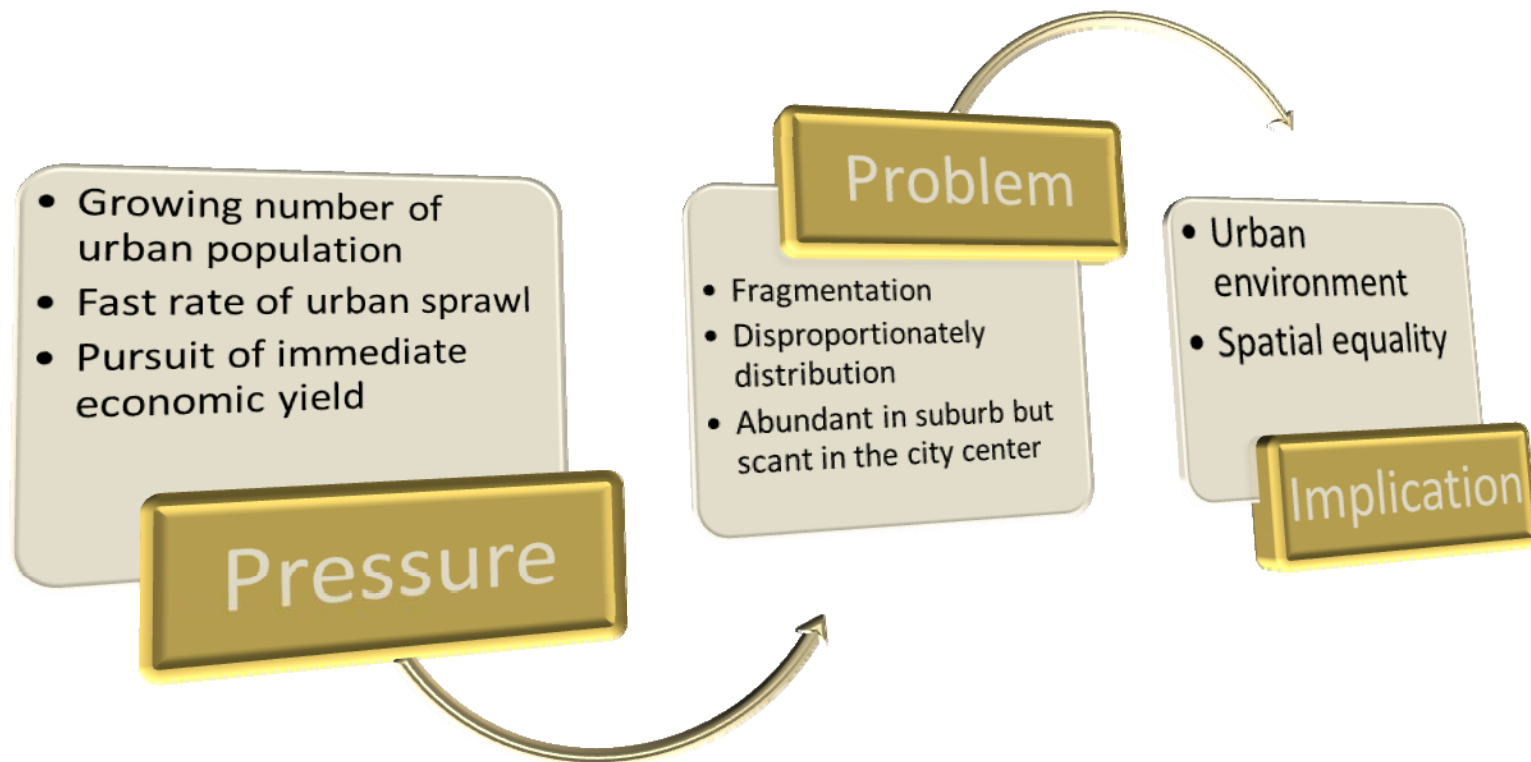
Promoting physical health

Adjusting psychological well-being

Rendering aesthetic enjoyments

Picture source :from sustainable development commission in UK

Problems in urban green spaces



Accessibility

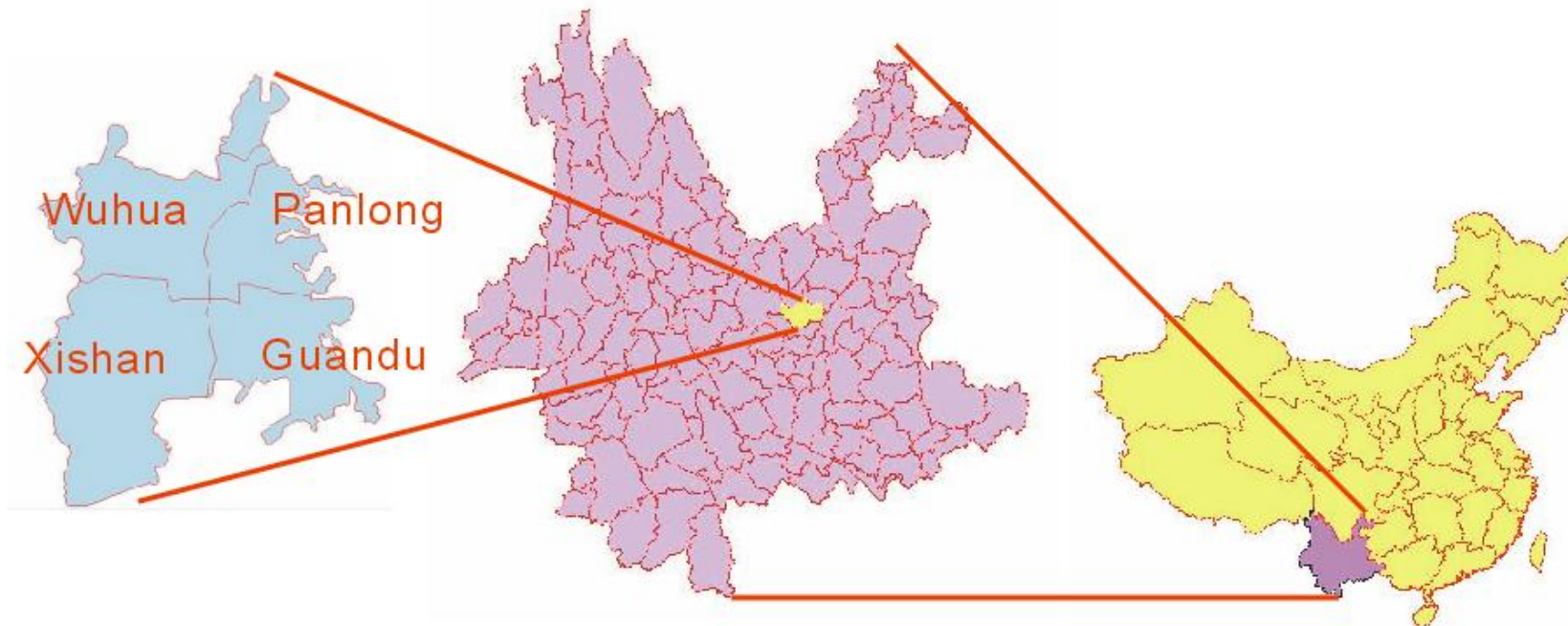
The ease extent to which one place may be reached from other places under a certain travel model (Liu & Zhu, 2004)



Picture source :from sustainable development commission in UK



Study Area



Why do we select Kunming as the study area?

a. Ecological City

b. Improvement in Green Space

Data

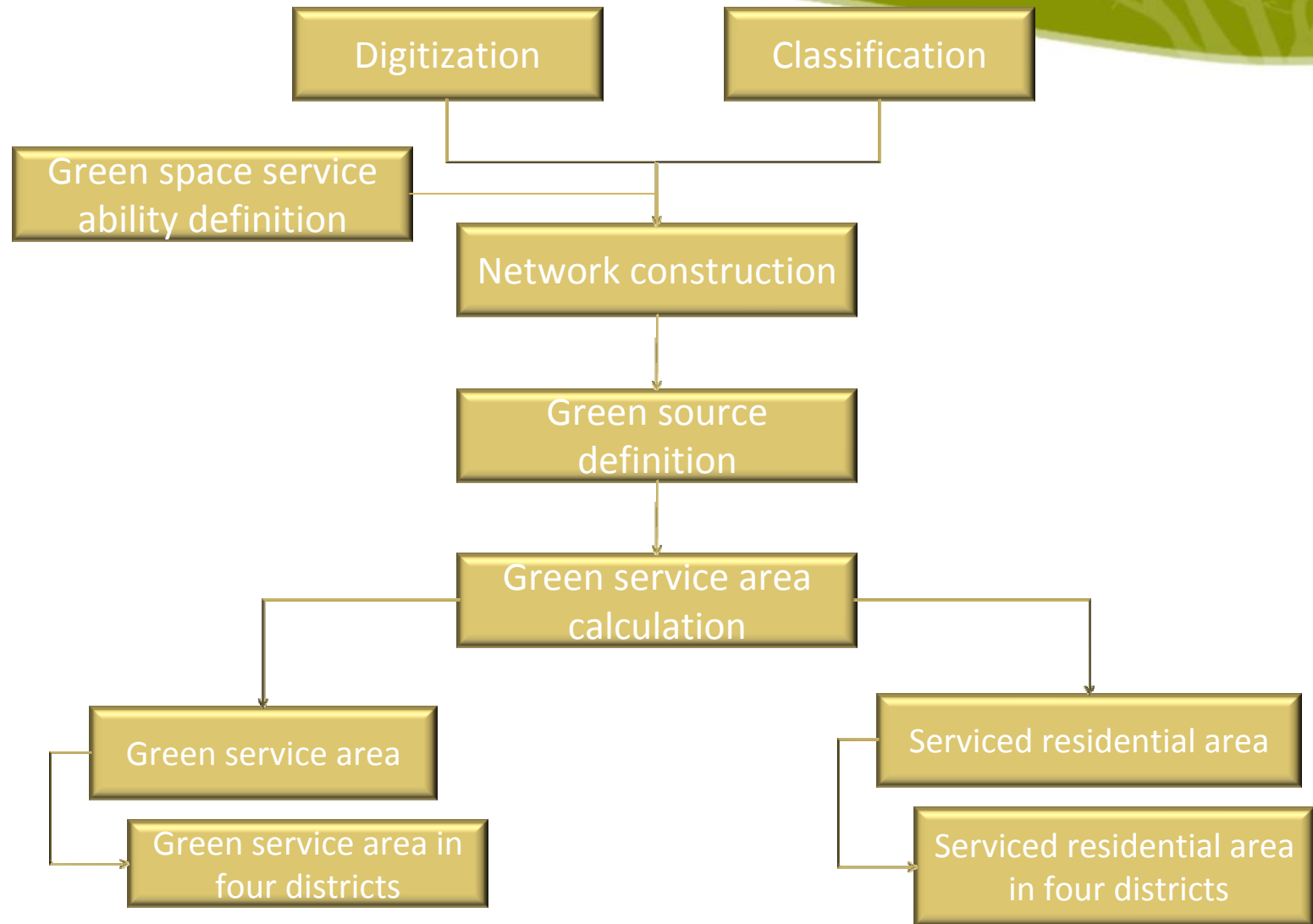
Planning Maps

- Map of green space distribution in the early month of 2009
- Planned green space map by the end of 2010
- Land use map in 2006
- Transportation map in 2006

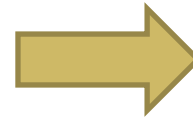
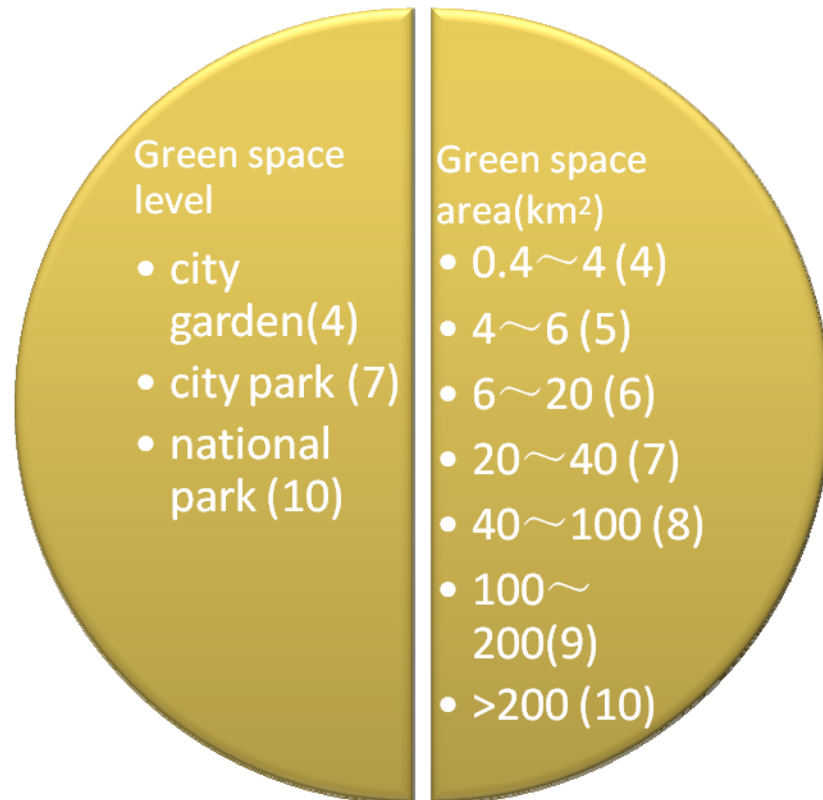
Quickbird Image

Google Earth Images

Methods

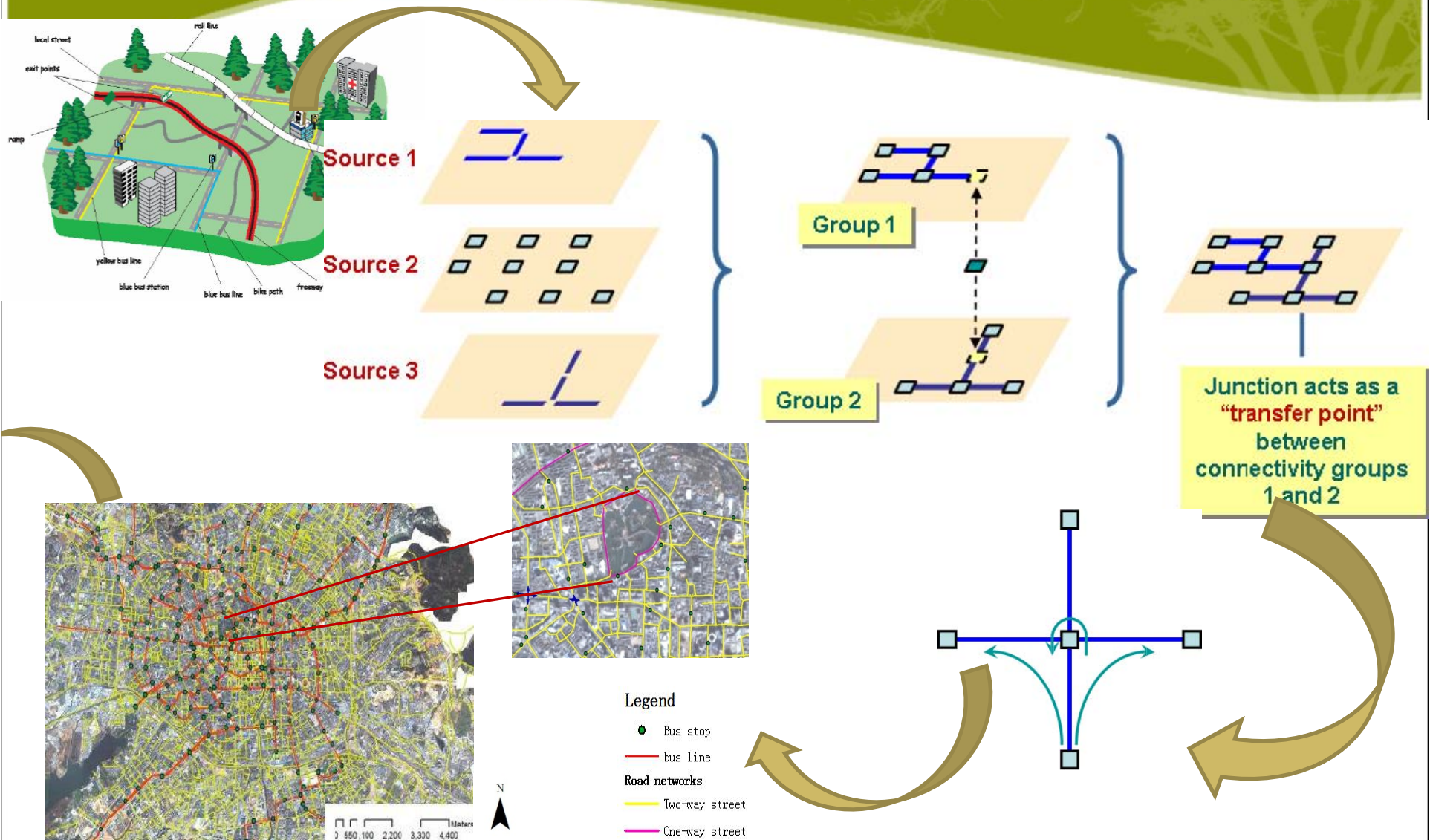


Define green space service ability

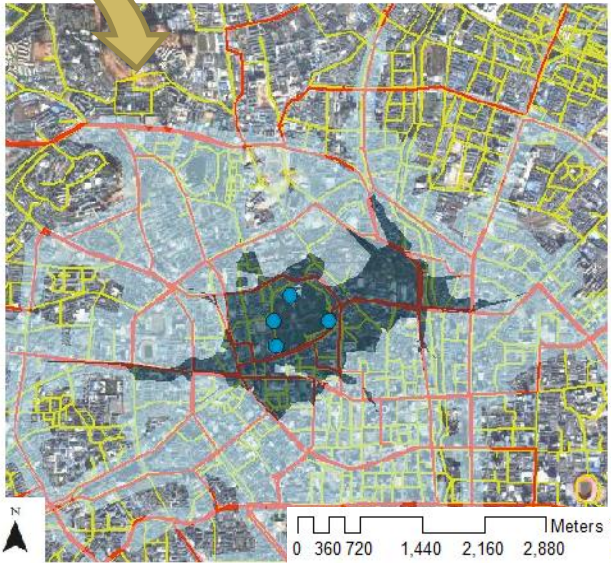


Area(50 %)	Level(50%)	Service ability
4	7	5.5
7	8	7.5
4	6	5
...

Network construction

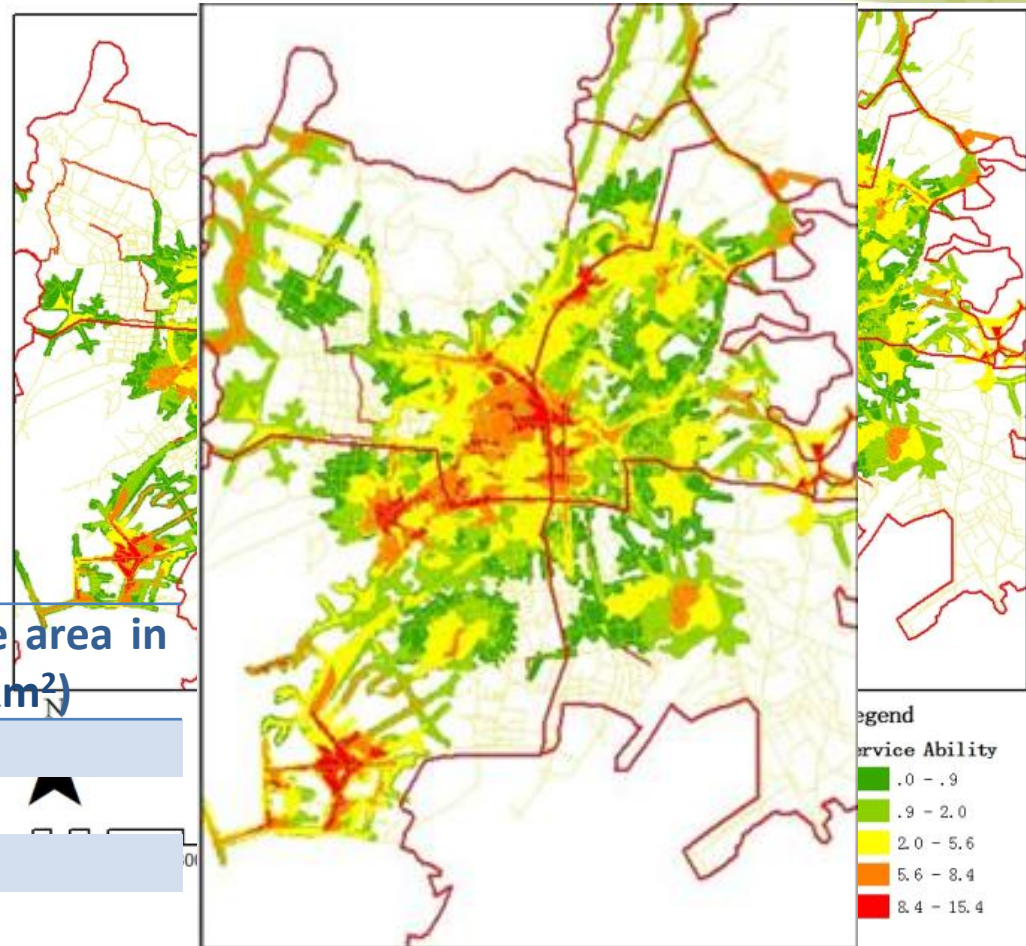
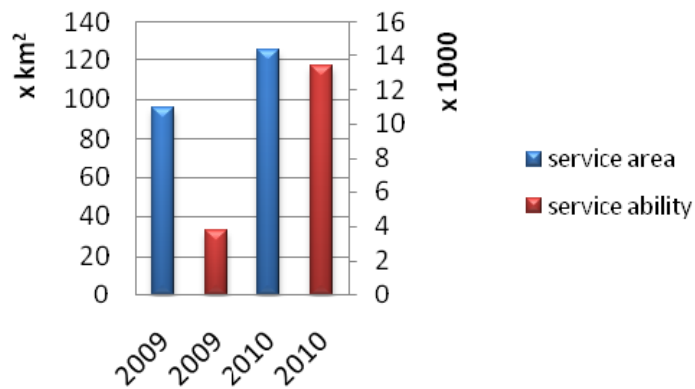


Picture source :Networks analysis, Yang, K.C.



Service Area and Service Ability

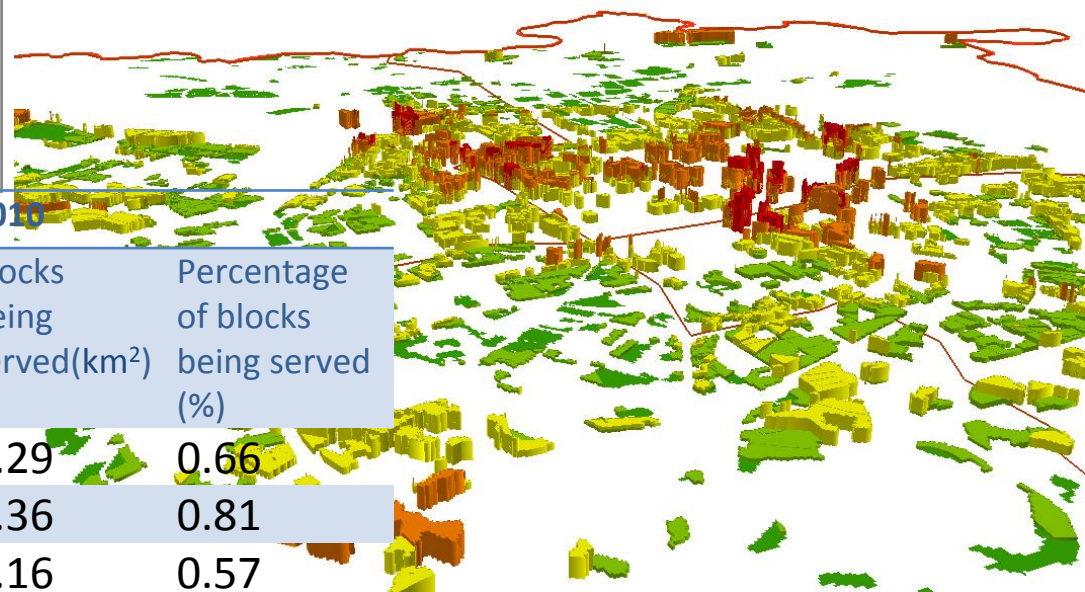
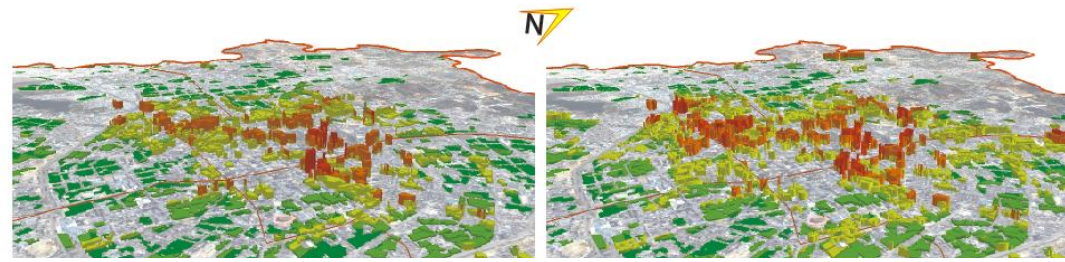
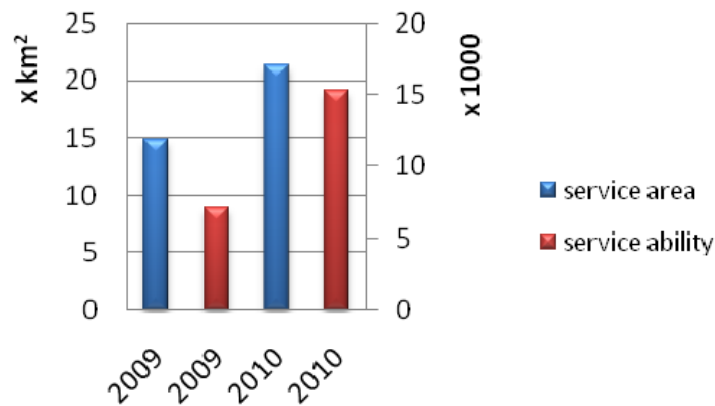
Green Service Area and Ability in Two Years



District	Service area in 2009(km ²)	Service area in 2010(km ²)
Wuhua	22.55	37.17
Panlong	20.88	29.19
Xishan	31.10	41.87
Guandu	16.94	20.15

Green covered residential area and green service ability

Green Covered Residential Area and Served Ability in Two Years



District	2009		2010	
	Blocks being served (km ²)	Percentage of blocks being served (%)	Blocks being served (km ²)	Percentage of blocks being served (%)
Wuhua	4.51	0.47	6.29	0.66
Panlong	3.85	0.58	5.36	0.81
Xishan	3.74	0.34	6.16	0.57
Guandu	1.82	0.41	2.51	0.57

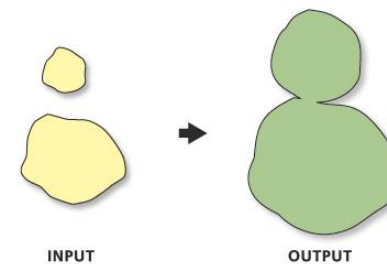


- Improvements and defects in green space accessibility and service ability



- **Accessibility measurements**

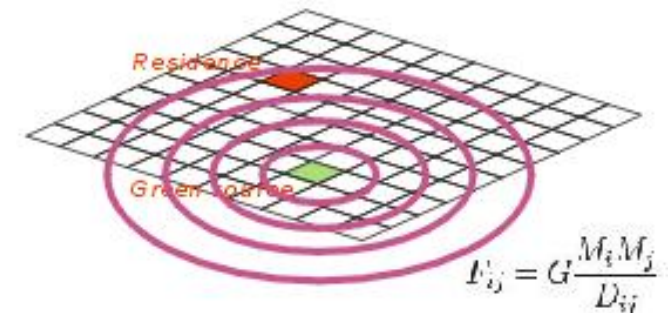
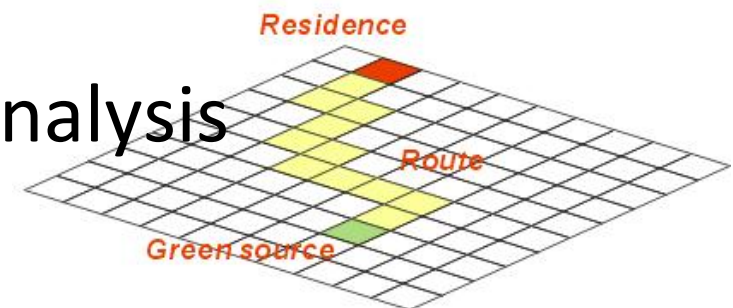
- Buffer methods
- Raster-based impedance model
- Gravity-based model



Picture source: ArcGIS 9.2 Desktop Help

- **GIS in accessibility network analysis**

- Ability to simulate road networks
- Accurate calculation of shortest route
- Explicit expression of distance decay
- Easy definition of the source attractiveness






- **Further studies**

- Accessibility analysis combined with field survey to define service ability and to classify green space
- Complete green space system



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- This study explored the accessibility to green space in two time periods in Kunming. It found that the accessibility to green space will be conspicuously improved in 2010 Master Plan.
 - There are still some communities are not well covered by green space service, the spatial equality cannot be put as perfect.
 - GIS based accessibility analysis is a valuable means to measure the green space accessibility ,and therefore, viewed from an extensive perspective, it is also an important standard to measure the spatial equality.

Thanks

